

2024 THIRD QUARTER REPORT

Management's Discussion and Analysis
and
Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

FILO CORP. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

(Amounts in United States Dollars unless otherwise indicated)

This management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of Filo Corp. ("Filo" or the "Company") should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and related notes therein ("2024 Financial Statements"). The financial information in this MD&A is reported in United States dollars ("\$USD") unless otherwise indicated and is partly derived from the Company's 2024 Financial Statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IFRS Accounting Standards"). The accounting policies used in the 2024 Financial Statements and therefore this MD&A are consistent with those used in the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, except as disclosed in notes 4 and 5 of the 2024 Financial Statements.

Effective January 1, 2024, the Company changed the functional currencies of its parent and subsidiary companies (see table below) to United States dollars ("\$USD"). The Company also changed its presentation currency from Canadian dollars ("\$CAD") to \$USD. The changes were enacted to reflect changes in the composition of the Company's contracts and monetary outlays being predominantly denominated in \$USD. The change in functional currencies was recognized prospectively. The change in presentation currency requires retrospective restatement of all prior periods presented in the 2024 Financial Statements. The amounts reported in the statement of financial position as at January 1, 2023 (derived from the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022; not presented herein) and December 31, 2023 have been restated in \$USD based on the closing exchange rates on December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The statements of comprehensive loss (income), cash flows and changes in equity for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 have been restated in \$USD based on the average exchange rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

The \$CAD/\$USD exchange rates used to reflect the change in presentation currency were as follows:

	Q4-22	Q1-23	Q2-23	Q3-23	Q4-23
Average rate	n/a	0.7398	0.7445	0.7456	0.7344
Closing rate	0.7383	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.7561

The effective date of this MD&A is November 8, 2024. Additional information about the Company and its business activities is available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and the Company's website www.filocorp.com.

The Company's common shares trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "FIL", the NASDAQ First North Growth Market under the symbol "FIL" and on the OTCQX under the symbol "FLMMF".

Effective June 23, 2023, the Company's name was changed to Filo Corp., formerly Filo Mining Corp., to better align with the Company's strategic vision. Some of the statements in this MD&A are forward-looking statements that are subject to risk factors set out in the cautionary note contained herein.

BHP AND LUNDIN MINING TO ACQUIRE FILO CORP. AND CONCURRENT PRIVATE PLACEMENT

On July 29, 2024, the Company announced that it has entered into a binding arrangement agreement, as may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time (the "Arrangement Agreement"), with BHP Investments Canada Inc. ("BHP"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of BHP Group Limited, and Lundin Mining Corporation ("Lundin Mining", and together with BHP, the "Purchaser Parties") whereby the Purchaser Parties will acquire all of the outstanding common shares of Filo that they do not already own (the "Filo Shares") through a plan of arrangement (the "Transaction").

Concurrent with the Transaction, BHP and Lundin Mining will form a Canadian joint venture ("JV") into which Filo's 100% owned Filo del Sol copper-gold-silver project and the Josemaria copper-gold project (the "Josemaria Project") (currently 100% owned by Lundin Mining and located in the San Juan Province of Argentina in the same region as

Filo del Sol) will be contributed (the contribution of the Josemaria Project to the JV being, the "Josemaria Transaction"), allowing for the joint development of the Vicuña district. BHP and Lundin Mining will each own a 50% interest in the JV following the Transaction.

Under the terms of the Transaction, shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders"), excluding BHP and Lundin Mining, will receive total consideration of approximately \$CAD 4.1 billion, representing \$CAD 33.00 per Filo Share, based on the 5-day volume weighted average price of Lundin Mining shares as of the closing price on the TSX on July 29, 2024. Shareholders will be able to elect to receive the consideration as either (i) \$CAD 33.00 in cash per Filo Share or (ii) 2.3578 Lundin Mining shares per Filo Share plus for each whole Lundin Mining share issued to such Shareholder, \$CAD 0.0001 in cash, or (iii) a combination of cash and shares, subject to proration. The total cash consideration will be subject to maximum cash consideration of approximately \$CAD 2,767 million (representing 68.2% of the aggregate total consideration). The total share consideration will be subject to maximum share consideration of 92.1 million Lundin Mining shares (representing 31.8% of the aggregate total consideration). Shareholders that do not make an election will be deemed to have elected to receive cash consideration. On closing of the Transaction, Shareholders are expected to own approximately 11% of Lundin Mining, on a fully diluted basis.

Each in-the-money stock option to purchase Filo Shares that is outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the Transaction shall be accelerated and shall be deemed to be surrendered and disposed of to the Company and the holder thereof shall receive Filo Shares having an aggregate value equal to the amount by which the consideration of \$CAD 33.00 exceeds the applicable exercise price, less applicable withholdings. Each out-of-the-money stock option to purchase Filo Shares that is outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the Transaction shall be deemed to be cancelled without any compensation.

The Transaction, which is not subject to any financing conditions, will be carried out by way of a court-approved plan of arrangement under the Canada Business Corporations Act. At the special meeting of Shareholders (the "Meeting") held on September 26, 2024, Shareholders approved the Transaction. The special resolution approving the Transaction (the "Arrangement Resolution") was approved by: (i) 99.99% of the votes cast on the Arrangement Resolution by Shareholders present virtually or represented by proxy at the Meeting and entitled to vote at the Meeting; and (ii) 99.99% of the votes cast on the Arrangement Resolution by Shareholders present virtually or represented by proxy at the Meeting and entitled to vote at the Meeting, excluding for the purposes of (ii) the votes cast in respect of Filo Shares held or controlled by persons described in items (a) through (d) of Section 8.1(2) of Multilateral Instrument 61-101 – Protection of Minority Security Holders in Special Transactions. On October 8, 2024, the Company announced that it has obtained a final order from the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (Commercial List) approving the Transaction.

The Transaction is subject to customary closing conditions for a transaction of this nature, including regulatory approvals (including merger and foreign investment filings and approval by the TSX), and the admission to trading of the new Lundin Mining shares and other customary closing conditions for transactions of this nature. Lundin Mining will prepare documentation as required under the EU Prospectus Regulation and Lundin Mining shareholder approval is not required. The Transaction is expected to be completed in the first quarter of 2025, subject to the satisfaction of closing conditions.

Concurrent with entering into the Arrangement Agreement, Filo and each of the Purchaser Parties (or their affiliates) entered into a subscription agreement pursuant to which they subscribed for 3,484,848 Filo Shares at an issue price of \$CAD 33.00 per Filo Share, or approximately \$CAD 115.0 million in the aggregate (the "Concurrent Private Placement") (equivalent to \$83.4 million gross, net of share issuance costs of \$0.2 million). Upon completion of the Concurrent Private Placement, which occurred on August 7, 2024, BHP and Lundin Mining (or their affiliates) held approximately 7.1% and 1.7% of the total issued and outstanding Filo Shares, respectively. The Concurrent Private Placement entailed a dilution of approximately 2.6% of the number of shares and votes in the Company (calculated as the number of newly issued shares divided by the total number of shares outstanding after the Concurrent Private Placement). The proceeds from the Concurrent Private Placement will be used by Filo to fund the exploration of the Filo del Sol Project, general working capital expenses and general and administration expenses for the period between announcement and closing of the Transaction, in accordance with Filo's budget. Pursuant to BHP's (or its affiliate's) subscription agreement, the investor rights it holds pursuant to the subscription agreement with Filo dated February 28, 2022 remain in full force and effect, provided that BHP's obligation to provide notice of certain re-sales of Filo Shares shall cease upon the occurrence of the closing of the Concurrent Private Placement and the termination of the

Arrangement Agreement as a result of a Superior Proposal or a Change of Recommendation (each as defined in the Arrangement Agreement).

CORE BUSINESS AND STRATEGY

Filo is a mineral exploration company, focused on its 100% controlled Filo del Sol project ("Filo del Sol" or the "Filo del Sol Project"), which is comprised of two adjacent land holdings: the Filo del Sol property located in San Juan Province, Argentina, and the Tamberias property, located in Region III, Chile. The Filo del Sol Project is located in the emerging Vicuña District, located between the prolific Maricunga and El Indio mining districts. The region is an established mining jurisdiction and hosts a number of large-scale mining operations. The project area is covered under the Mining Integration and Complementation Treaty between Chile and Argentina, which provides the framework for the development of cross border mining projects.

The Company's strategy is to create value for its shareholders by expanding and increasing the confidence in and continuity of the resources and reserves at the Filo del Sol Project through further exploration, and by advancing engineering and other studies that are required to prepare the Filo del Sol Project for eventual development.

2024 DRILLING AND ASSAY RESULTS

The Company resumed drilling operations during September 2024 (halted in mid-April 2024), with all employees and contractors remobilized to the Project Site. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 the Company drilled 1,766m and 18,441m, respectively. Drilling and assay results disclosed by the Company during and subsequent to the nine months ended September 30, 2024 are summarized in the following table:

	From	To	Length	Cu	Au	Ag	CuEq ¹
Hole-ID	(m)	(m)	(m)	(%)	(g/t)	(g/t)	(%)
FSDH093	338.8	1,788.0	1,449.2	0.41	0.21	5.0	0.61
incl.	492.0	1,144.0	652.0	0.55	0.25	8.6	0.81
incl.	804.0	1,080.0	276.0	0.66	0.31	6.7	0.95
and incl.	1,674.0	1,750.0	76.0	0.63	0.26	2.5	0.84
FSDH094	192.0	1,490.0	1,298.0	0.59	0.40	15.0	1.01
incl.	364.0	416.0	52.0	0.59	0.47	252.4	3.15
and incl.	444.0	748.0	304.0	0.84	0.53	9.4	1.30
FSDH097	368.0	1,445.0	1,077.0	0.52	0.25	22.4	0.89
incl.	368.0	1,126.0	758.0	0.53	0.30	31.0	1.03
incl.	372.0	521.0	149.0	0.35	0.10	128.0	
incl.	450.0	474.0	24.0	0.36	0.15	366.8	
incl.	466.0	474.0	8.0	0.44	0.19	725.2	
and incl.	707.0	944.0	237.0	0.73	0.60	3.0	1.20
FSDH098	410.0	1,363.8	953.8	0.31	0.13	2.1	0.42
FSDH100	256.0	887.3	631.3	0.38	0.35	5.8	0.68
incl.	340.0	360.0	20.0	0.42	0.29	95.8	
FSDH101	540.0	1,379.5	839.5	0.31	0.11	1.8	0.41
incl.	550.0	972.0	422.0	0.38	0.13	2.3	0.50
FSDH102	12.0	699.0	687.0	0.18	0.16	4.2	0.33
incl.	250.0	478.0	228.0	0.34	0.15	2.4	0.47
incl.	250.0	349.6	99.6	0.51	0.14	2.2	0.63
FSDH103	296.0	1,556.0	1,260.0	0.58	0.36	2.4	0.86
incl.	302.0	336.0	34.0	4.33	0.97	16.8	5.19
incl.	318.0	326.0	8.0	10.06	2.36	41.3	12.14
incl.	534.0	1,048.0	514.0	0.62	0.54	2.7	1.04
FSDH104	40.0	106.0	66.0	0.17	0.15	22.4	0.48
plus	744.0	1,336.0	592.0	0.41	0.13	3.7	0.54

Hole-ID	From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	CuEq ¹ (%)
incl.	890.0	1,062.0	172.0	0.45	0.17	5.8	0.63
FSDH105	714.0	1,284.0	570.0	0.34	0.10	1.4	0.43
incl.	820.0	1,050.0	230.0	0.43	0.14	1.4	0.54
FSDH106	26.0	190.0	164.0	0.15	0.10	2.3	0.24
FSDH108	69.8	79.8	10.0	0.95	0.56	36.4	1.68
incl.	216.8	1,172.0	955.2	0.36	0.15	3.9	0.50
incl.	382.0	1,006.0	624.0	0.45	0.18	5.0	0.63
incl.	496.0	548.0	52.0	0.66	0.28	31.6	1.14
FSDH109	4.0	10.0	6.0	0.35	0.44	1.0	0.68
plus	110.0	222.5	112.5	0.47	0.06	1.2	0.52
plus	706.0	728.0	22.0	0.52	0.08	1.1	0.59
FSDH111			No signific	cant inte	rvals		
FSDH112	96.0	1,132.0	1,036.0	0.47	0.17	5.7	0.65
incl.	96.0	126.0	30.0	0.29	0.40	27.1	0.82
and incl.	535.1	556.0	20.9	0.62	0.25	13.5	0.92
and incl.	659.5	1,132.0	472.5	0.80	0.22	6.4	1.02
FSDH114	92.0	1,552.0	1,460.0	0.34	0.11	3.2	0.45
incl.	92.0	100.0	8.0	0.51	0.32	6.3	0.80
and incl.	202.0	212.0	10.0	0.80	0.34	2.3	1.07
and incl.	312.0	1,398.0	1,086.0	0.38	0.13	3.8	0.51
incl.	750.0	960.0	210.0	0.51	0.19	2.1	0.66
and incl.	1,090.0	1,248.0	158.0	0.54	0.21	1.9	0.70
incl.	1,176.0	1,202.0	26.0	0.97	0.31	2.8	1.22

⁽¹⁾ Copper Equivalent is calculated based on US\$ 3.00/lb Cu, US\$ 1,500/oz Au and US\$ 18/oz Ag, with 80% metallurgical recoveries assumed for all metals. The formula is: CuEq % = Cu % + (0.7292 * Au g/t) + (0.0088 * Ag g/t). Mineralized zones within the Filo del Sol deposit are typically flat-lying, or bulk porphyrystyle zones and drilled widths are interpreted to be very close to true widths.

Additional information on these drilling results is disclosed in the Corporation's press releases. As of the date of this MD&A, holes FSDH099, FSDH107, FSDH110, FSDH112, FSDH113 and FSDH116 have been completed with assays pending. Results in the above table for FSDH112 are partial results to the depth the hole was at when the drilling program was temporarily suspended. It was subsequently completed to a final depth of 1,379m. Assay results for these holes will be released as they are received, analyzed and confirmed by the Company.

OUTLOOK

Drilling activities recommenced at the Filo del Sol Project during September 2024, and the Company and its drilling-related contractors have fully remobilized to site.

As a result of the shutdown of the drilling program, the Company is now expecting to drill between 30,000 and 35,000 metres during 2024, down from the original target of 40,000m. The focus of the 2024 program will remain exploration and resource growth with multiple step-out targets in all directions from zones of known mineralization, including both the Bonita and Aurora Zones. The Company continues to maintain a strong focus on improving drill productivity through a variety of initiatives.

Data collected from the current campaign is being used to develop a comprehensive geological model which will guide further exploration. The Company is continuing preliminary metallurgical testwork on the sulphide mineralization, as well as environmental and social baseline programs in support of future project permitting.

The Company's plans and timelines are subject to equipment and staff availability, along with being able to operate safely and effectively and in accordance with the Company's health and safety protocols. Please also refer to the section above entitled "BHP and Lundin Mining to Acquire Filo Corp. and Concurrent Private Placement."

RESULTS FROM OPERATIONS

Filo is an exploration company and, as such, its net losses are largely driven by its exploration and project investigation activities. There is no expectation of generating operating profits until it develops a commercially viable mineral deposit.

Key financial results for the last eight quarters are provided in the table below. All prior period financial results have been restated in \$USD as disclosed in note 4 of the Company's 2024 Financial Statements.

				Restated						
Three Months Ended	Sep-24	Jun-24	Mar-24	Dec-23	Sep-23	Jun-23	Mar-23	Dec-22		
Exploration costs (\$000's)	17,294	21,261	31,793	26,650	27,331	26,712	25,381	18,851		
Operating loss (\$000's)	21,557	23,613	36,449	29,884	29,634	29,356	29,038	21,062		
Net loss (\$000's)	17,929	18,949	33,154	23,617	17,431	22,085	22,129	15,467		
Net loss per share, basic and diluted (\$)	0.13	0.14	0.25	0.18	0.13	0.18	0.18	0.13		

During the three months ended September 30, 2024, exploration costs were lower as a result of the temporary halting of drilling operations at the Project site due to weather conditions. The reduction in drilling activities during the three months ended September 30, 2024 were the primary driver of the \$14.6 million reduction in operating loss in comparison to the three months ended March 31, 2024, when the Company was operating at full capacity. Costs in any particular period may also be impacted by other relevant factors, such as the financial position of the Company, other corporate initiatives, and the scope of planned exploration/project work.

Exploration and project investigation expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 were \$17.3 million and \$70.3 million, respectively, compared to expenses of \$27.3 million and \$79.4 million incurred during the comparative periods in 2023. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company completed resource drilling of 1,766m and 18,441m, respectively, compared to 8,831m and 37,188m completed during the comparative periods in 2023. Drilling metres during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 were negatively impacted as a result of temporarily halting drilling operations at the Filo del Sol site (mid-April to mid-September 2024) due to poor weather conditions. During this time, the Company incurred standby costs with its contractors, who are specialized in high elevation operations, in order to be able to quickly remobilize to the Project site when weather conditions permitted in September 2024.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, Filo incurred net losses of \$17.9 million and \$70.0 million, respectively (2023 - \$17.4 million and \$61.6 million), resulting mainly from operating losses of \$21.6 million and \$81.6 million, respectively (2023 - \$29.6 million and \$88.0 million). The operating losses were offset by net gains of \$1.5 million and \$7.6 million from the use of marketable securities (2023 - \$10.2 million and \$23.1 million). Exploration and project investigation costs are the primary driver of the operating losses, and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, they accounted for approximately 80% and 86% of the operating losses (2023 - 92% and 90%). The Company expenses its exploration costs through the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss, except for mineral property option payments and mineral property acquisition costs, which are capitalized. The period-over-period decrease in net gains from the use of marketable securities is the result of a devaluation of the Argentinian peso that occurred in December 2023, following the results of the Argentinian federal election.

The detailed categories of exploration and project investigation expenses are as follows:

	Th	months ended September 30,	Nine months ended September 30,			
	2024		2023 (Restated)	2024		2023 (Restated)
Land holding and access costs	\$ 81,465	\$	68,155	\$ 422,886	\$	114,492
Drilling, fuel, camp costs and field supplies	8,153,109		14,632,811	34,733,640		40,304,154
Roadwork, travel and transport	3,543,730		4,181,061	12,223,935		11,436,003
Conceptual and engineering studies	282,889		697,267	988,755		3,926,646
Consultants, geochemistry and geophysics	154,300		818,890	1,637,220		2,735,910
Environmental and community relations	423,291		434,303	1,706,551		1,410,640
VAT and other taxes	2,293,207		4,934,181	11,535,686		13,929,844
Office, field and administrative salaries, overhead and other						
administrative costs	2,150,611		1,339,391	5,955,849		4,608,722
Share-based compensation	211,187		225,298	1,142,673		957,477
	\$ 17,293,789	\$	27,331,357	\$ 70,347,195	\$	79,423,888

Excluding share-based compensation expense, general and administration costs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 totalled \$3.3 million and \$6.0 million, respectively (2023 – \$1.3 million and \$4.3 million). Costs increased during the three months ended September 30, 2024 in relation to the prior comparative periods as a result of legal and professional costs incurred by the Company in relation to the BHP/Lundin Mining Transaction (see above section "BHP and Lundin Mining to Acquire Filo Corp. and Concurrent Private Placement.")

Total share-based compensation expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, was \$1.2 million and \$6.4 million, respectively (2023 – \$1.3 million and \$5.3 million). Share-based compensation expense increased over the nine-month comparative periods as a result of more options having been granted during the 2024 period due primarily to recruitment of key personnel. Share-based compensation is a non-cash cost which reflects the amortization of the estimated fair value of share options over their vesting period. The fair value of share options is calculated using the Black-Scholes pricing model, which relies heavily on the Company's share price and historical share price volatility. The actual future value to the option holders may differ materially from these estimates as it depends on the trading price of the Company's shares if and when the options are exercised. In addition, as the granting of options and their vesting is at the discretion of the Board, the related expense is unlikely to be uniform across periods.

Interest income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 was \$0.8 million and \$2.1 million, respectively (2023 – \$1.4 million and \$2.6 million). Interest income is directly related to the cash balances held and prevailing interest rates.

As disclosed in notes 4 and 5 of the 2024 Financial Statements, effective January 1, 2024, the functional currency of the Company's Argentinian subsidiary has changed from the Argentinian peso to the \$USD, and hyperinflationary accounting is no longer applicable. As such, there are no current-period comparable amounts for the following items. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company recognized a net monetary loss of \$0.2 million and a gain of \$0.2 million, respectively, in relation to the application of hyperinflationary accounting for the Company's Argentinian subsidiary. The monetary gains recognized are the result of changes in the Argentinian price indices and changes to the Company's net monetary position during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. In other comprehensive loss (income), the impact of hyperinflation amounted to gains of \$2.4 million and \$4.1 million, respectively, which consists of adjustments recognized on the inflation

of opening non-monetary balances during the periods and the translation of the Company's Argentinian subsidiary into \$CAD, the Company's presentation currency in effect during that period.

Other foreign exchange loss (gain) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 totalled a gain of \$1.3 million and a loss of \$0.1 million, respectively (2023 – gains of \$0.8 million and \$0.6 million), which are primarily the result of the impact of fluctuations of the \$USD relative to \$CAD on the Company's \$CAD-denominated cash and cash equivalents during the periods.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As at September 30, 2024, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$100.1 million and net working capital of \$85.5 million, compared to cash and cash equivalents of \$81.7 million and net working capital of \$65.8 million as at December 31, 2023. The increase in the Company's cash and cash equivalents and net working capital is due to net proceeds of \$83.2 million received as part of the Concurrent Private Placement, \$1.9 million received on the partial disposition of certain Net Smelter Royalties held by the Company, and \$2.7 million received from the exercise of stock options, offset by funds used in operations and for general corporate purposes, \$1.7 million used in the acquisition of equipment and facilities for the Filo del Sol Project and \$1.0 million used in the acquisition of mineral properties.

The Company will continue to deploy the majority of its treasury to fund ongoing advancement of the Filo del Sol Project and, to a lesser extent, for working capital and general corporate purposes.

The Company does not currently generate income from operations. The Company has sufficient working capital for the Company to fund operations for the near term. However, the Company will need further funding to support the advancement of the Filo del Sol Project towards development and to meet general corporate and working capital requirements should the Transaction not be completed as anticipated. Historically, capital requirements have been funded through equity financing. While management is confident that additional sources of funding will be secured to fund potential future expenditures, factors that could affect the availability of financing include the progress and results of ongoing project exploration and evaluation activities at the Company's Filo del Sol Project, the state of international debt and equity markets, investor perceptions and expectations of the global copper, gold, and/or silver markets. Based on the amount of funding raised, the Company's planned initiatives and other work programs may be postponed, or otherwise revised, as necessary.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Under the normal course of operations, the Company may undertake transactions or hold balances with related parties. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company engaged with NGEx, a related party to the Company by way of directors, officers and shareholders in common.

Related party services

The Company has an ongoing cost sharing arrangement with NGEx Minerals. Under the terms of this arrangement, the Company provides management, technical and/or administrative services (collectively, "Management Services") to NGEx Minerals and vice versa. These transactions were incurred in the normal course of operations, and are summarized as follows:

	Three mon	ths ended	Nine months ende				
	Sept	ember 30,	September 30,				
	2024	2023	2024	2023			
		(Restated)		(Restated)			
Management Services to NGEx	\$ 79,646 \$	68,759 \$	166,317 \$	279,379			
Management Services from NGEx	(54,888)	(80,310)	(141,604)	(180,382)			

Related party balances

The amounts due from (to) related parties, and the components of the consolidated statement of financial position in which they are included, are as follows:

	Related Party	Sep	tember 30, 2024	December 31, 2023 (Restated)	January 1, 2023 (Restated)
Receivables and other assets	NGEx	\$	41,861	\$ 39,965	137,662
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	NGEx		(58,152)	(51,010)	(82,814)

Camp usage agreement

On June 26, 2019, the Company, through a wholly-owned subsidiary, entered into a transaction with a wholly-owned subsidiary of Josemaria Resources Inc., a former related party ("Josemaria", a 100%-owned subsidiary of Lundin Mining) whereby the Company extended its right to use Josemaria's Batidero Camp in Argentina.

The agreement may be terminated with one year's prior notice by Josemaria, and in the absence of such notice the agreement may be renewed for another year at the Company's election. On March 7, 2024, Filo provided formal notice of renewal for the period through April 1, 2025.

Key management compensation

The Company's key management personnel have the authority and responsibility for overseeing, planning, directing and controlling its activities and consist of the Board of Directors and members of the executive management team. Total compensation expense for key management personnel, and the composition thereof, is as follows:

	Thre		onths ended ptember 30,		Nine months e Septembe		
	2024		2024	-	2023 (Restated)		
Salaries	\$ 366,274	\$	354,160	\$	1,091,008	\$	1,059,184
Short-term employee benefits	1,806		1,589		23,411		22,349
Directors fees	68,524		69,714		204,192		221,721
Stock-based compensation	897,140		928,351		4,767,221		3,906,237
Incentive bonuses	-		-		-		460,682
	\$ 1,333,744	\$	1,353,814	\$	6,085,832	\$	5,670,173

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company's material accounting policies are described in note 3 the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, as filed on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. Additional changes to the Company's material accounting policies are described in notes 4 and 5 to the 2024 Financial Statements.

New Accounting Pronouncements

As at September 30, 2024, there are no IFRS Accounting Standards or International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee interpretations that are not yet effective or early adopted that are expected to have any impact on the Company.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, ASSUMPTIONS AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, such as the underlying consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, requires management to make estimates, assumptions and judgements that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and expenditures. These estimates, assumptions and judgements are based on management's best knowledge of the relevant facts and circumstances taking into account previous experience. Actual results could differ and such differences could be material. Estimates, assumptions and judgements are reviewed on an ongoing basis and are based on historical experience and other facts and circumstances. Revisions to estimates, assumptions and judgements, and the resulting effects on the carrying amounts of the Company's assets and liabilities, are accounted for prospectively. Information about estimates, assumptions, judgements and other sources of estimation uncertainty as at September 30, 2024 that have a risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next year are provided below:

Valuation of mineral properties

The Company carries the acquisition costs of its mineral properties at cost less any provision for impairment. At each reporting period, management applies judgement in assessing whether there are any indicators of impairment relating to mineral properties. If any such indicator exists, then an impairment test is performed by management, which also requires the Company to make significant judgments and estimates. Information considered by management in assessing indicators of impairment may include the period for which the entity has the right to conduct its exploration and project investigation activities, including expected renewals, whether substantive expenditure on further exploration and project investigation of mineral properties is budgeted, the evaluation of the results of exploration and project investigation activities up to the reporting date and other information that may indicate that the carrying value of mineral properties may not be recovered in full from successful development or sale of the asset. The judgments and estimates mentioned above are subject to various risks and uncertainties, which may ultimately have an effect on the expected recoverability of the carrying values of the mineral properties.

The Company has determined that no indicators of impairment exist for its mineral properties as of September 30, 2024.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, receivables and other assets, and trade payables and accrued liabilities. The carrying values of the Company's financial instruments are considered to be reasonable approximations of fair value due to their anticipated short-term nature.

As at September 30, 2024, the Company's financial instruments are exposed to the following financial risks, including credit, liquidity and currency risks:

- (i) Credit risks associated with cash are minimal as the Company deposits the majority of its cash with large financial institutions that have been accorded a strong investment grade rating by a primary rating agency.
- (ii) Liquidity risks associated with the inability to meet obligations as they become due are minimized through the management of its capital structure and by maintaining good relationships with significant shareholders and potential creditors. The Company also closely monitors and reviews its costs to date and actual cash flows on a monthly basis.

The maturities of the Company's financial liabilities as at September 30, 2024, are as follows:

		More than		
	Total	1 year	1-5 years	5 years
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 15,643,197	\$ 15,643,197	\$ - \$	-
Total	\$ 15,643,197	\$ 15,643,197	\$ - \$	-

(iii) Foreign currency risk can arise when the Company or its subsidiaries transact or have net financial assets or liabilities which are denominated in currencies other than their respective functional currencies.

At September 30, 2024, the Company's largest foreign currency risk exposure exists at the level of its Canadian headquarters, where the Company held a net financial asset position denominated in \$CAD having a \$USD equivalent of approximately \$30.7 million. A 10% change in the foreign exchange rate between \$CAD and \$USD would give rise to an increase/decrease in financial position/net loss of approximately \$3.1 million. The Company also has foreign currency risk exposure at the level of its subsidiaries, Filo del Sol Exploración S.A. in Argentina, where the Company has a net financial liability position denominated in Argentinian pesos having a \$USD equivalent of approximately \$3.9 million, and Frontera Chile Limitada in Chile, where the Company has a net financial liability position denominated in Chilean pesos having a \$USD equivalent of approximately \$1.3 million. A 10% change in the foreign exchange rate between the Argentinian peso and the \$USD would give rise an increase/decrease in financial position/net loss of approximately \$0.4 million, and a 10% change in the foreign exchange rate between the Chilean peso and the \$USD would give rise an increase/decrease in financial position/net loss of approximately \$0.1 million.

COMMITMENT

On January 1, 2024, the Company entered into a long-term rental agreement with Namdo Management Services Ltd., the provider of the Company's office space and ancillary administrative services. The agreement expires on February 28, 2039, and provides a guarantee of rental fees totaling \$3,460,257 for the remainder of the contract.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

As at November 8, 2024, the Company had 135,641,149 common shares outstanding and 4,311,833 share options outstanding under its share-based incentive plan.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Company's next scheduled financial report will be for the year ended December 31, 2024, which is expected to be published on or around March 21, 2025.

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P")

DC&P are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted by it under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the securities legislation. They include controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There have not been any material changes in the Company's DC&P during the nine months ended September 30, 2024.

Internal controls over financial reporting ("ICFR")

The Company's ICFR are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards. The Company's ICFR include policies and procedures that: pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and disposition of assets; provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards; that receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorization of management and directors of the Company; and provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Any system, no matter how well conceived or operated, has inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation and will not prevent all, or detect all, misstatements and frauds. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, they cannot provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been prevented or detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by unauthorized override of the control. The design of any control system also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential

future conditions. Accordingly, because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

Management uses the Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013 Framework) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations for the Treadway Commission (COSO) in order to assess the effectiveness of the Company's ICFR.

There have not been any material changes in the Company's internal controls during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's ICFR.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The operations of the Company are speculative due to the high-risk nature of its business, which includes the acquisition, financing, exploration, development and operation of mineral and mining properties. There are a number of factors that could negatively affect the Company's business and the value of its common shares, and these risk factors could materially affect the Company's future operations and financial position and could cause actual events to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements relating to the Company.

Significant risk factors have been identified by the Company and are listed below. Further discussion and additional risk factors are also available in the Company's most recent annual information form, as filed on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. The following information pertains to the outlook and conditions currently known to the Company that could have a material impact on the financial condition of the Company. Other factors may arise that are not currently foreseen by management of the Company that may present additional risks in the future. Current and prospective security holders of the Company should carefully consider these risk factors, as they could materially affect the Company's future operations and could cause actual events to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements relating to the Company.

Transaction Completion Risk

There are certain risks associated with the Transaction which include, among other things:

- the Transaction may not be completed and as a result the Company will have incurred significant expense
 with no result and management will have been diverted from the conduct of the Company's business in the
 ordinary course, the Company's share price may be adversely affected and there can be no assurance that
 other transactions of equal or greater value may become available;
- the inter-conditionality of the Transaction upon the completion of the Josemaria Transaction;
- the terms of the Arrangement Agreement that require the Company to conduct its business in the ordinary course and prevent the Company from taking certain specified actions, which may delay or prevent the Company from taking certain actions to advance its business pending consummation of the Transaction;
- the satisfaction or waiver of certain conditions precedent to the closing of the Transaction may not occur;
- consideration to be received by the Shareholders may be subject to pro-ration and adjustment in accordance with the Arrangement Agreement;
- the disposition of Filo Shares under the Transaction may be subject to Canadian or Swedish income tax and may be a taxable transaction under the laws of Canada and other jurisdictions;
- the right of Lundin Mining and BHP to terminate the Arrangement Agreement under certain circumstances;
- judgments against Lundin Mining and BHP in Canada for a breach of the Arrangement Agreement may be difficult to enforce against Lundin Mining's and BHP's assets located outside of Canada;
- the termination fee payable to Lundin Mining and BHP in certain circumstances;
- the anticipated financial and other benefits of the Transaction may not be realized;
- the costs associated with the Transaction are significant and may be higher than expected;
- the market price of the Filo Shares may be materially adversely affected in certain circumstances;
- the market value of the Lundin Mining shares received by the Shareholders (to the extent they receive share consideration) may decline or be different than expected following the Transaction; and
- upon completion of the Transaction, the JV may not realize the benefits of its growth projects due to technical, political, operating and/or other factors.

In addition to the foregoing, there are a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions relating to the Transaction which may have a material and adverse impact on the future operating results and financial performance of the Company and could cause actual events to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements related to the Company, including those risk factors set out under "Risk Factors" of the Company's management information circular dated August 26, 2024 (the "Circular"). The foregoing is qualified in its entirety by the full text of the Arrangement Agreement and the Circular, copies of which can be found under the Company's issuer profile on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. Shareholders are encouraged to read the Arrangement Agreement and the Circular in their entirety.

Exploration and Development Risk

Mineral exploration, development and operations generally involve a high degree of risk that cannot be eliminated, and which can adversely impact the Company's success and financial performance. Exploration for and development of mineral deposits involves a high degree of risk and few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines.

Discovery of mineral deposits is dependent upon a number of factors, not the least of which are the technical skills of the exploration personnel involved and the capital required for the programs. The cost of conducting programs may be substantial and the likelihood of success is difficult to assess. There is no assurance that the Company's mineral exploration activities will result in any discoveries of new bodies of commercial ore. There is also no assurance that

even if commercial quantities of ore are discovered that a new ore body would be developed and brought into commercial production. The commercial viability of a mineral deposit once discovered is dependent upon a number of factors, some of which are discussed elsewhere in this MD&A, and include the particular attributes of the deposit (such as size, grade, metallurgy, expected recovery rates of metals from the ore and proximity to infrastructure and labour), the interpretation of geological data obtained from drilling and sampling, feasibility studies, the ability to acquire and access land, the availability and cost of water and power, anticipated climatic conditions; cyclical metal prices; fluctuations in inflation and currency exchange rates, higher input commodity and labour costs, commodity price fluctuations, government regulations, including regulations relating to prices, taxes, royalties, land tenure and use, allowable production, importing and exporting of minerals, and environmental protection. Most of the above factors are beyond the control of the Company. Development projects will also be subject to the successful completion of final feasibility studies, issuance of necessary permits and other governmental approvals and receipt of adequate financing, as major expenses are typically required to locate and establish Mineral Reserves, to develop metallurgical processes and to construct mining and processing facilities at a particular site. The exact effect of these factors cannot be accurately predicted, but the combination of any of these factors may adversely affect the Company's business.

The Company's operations are subject to all of the hazards and risks normally encountered in the exploration and development of copper, gold, and silver projects and properties, including unusual and unexpected geologic formations, seismic activity, rock slides, ground instabilities or failures, mechanical failures, precipitation, flooding and other conditions involved in the drilling and removal of material, any of which could result in damage to, or destruction of facilities, damage to life or property, environmental damage and possible legal liability.

As appropriate, the Company may seek to mitigate its exploration risk by diversifying its portfolio, or through the establishment of joint ventures and option agreements with third parties.

Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources Estimates

The Company's reported Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources are estimations only. No assurance can be given that the estimated Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources are accurate or that the indicated level of copper, gold, silver or any other mineral will be recovered or produced. Actual mineralization or formations may be different from those predicted. It may take many years from the initial phase of drilling before production is possible and during that time the economic feasibility of exploiting a discovery may change. Market price fluctuations of copper, gold and silver and certain other metals, as well as increased production and capital costs or reduced recovery rates, may render the Company's Mineral Reserves uneconomic to develop. Moreover, short-term operating factors relating to the Mineral Reserves, such as the need for the orderly development of ore bodies, the processing of new or different ore grades, the technical complexity of ore bodies, unusual or unexpected geological formations, ore dilution or varying metallurgical and other ore characteristics may cause Mineral Reserves to be reduced. Estimated Mineral Reserves may have to be recalculated based on fluctuations in the price of metals, or changes in other assumptions on which they are based. Any of these factors may require the Company to reduce its Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources, which could have a negative impact on the Company's business.

Failure to obtain or maintain necessary permits or government approvals or changes to applicable legislation could also cause the Company to reduce its reserves. In addition, changes to mine plans could cause the Company to reduce its Mineral Reserves. There is also no assurance that the Company will achieve indicated levels of copper, gold or silver recovery or obtain the prices assumed in determining such Mineral Reserves.

Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability and there is no assurance that they will ever be mined or processed profitably. Due to the uncertainty which may attach to Mineral Resources, there is no assurance that all or any part of Measured or Indicated Mineral Resources will ever be converted into Mineral Reserves; and no assurance that all or any part of an Inferred Mineral Resources exists or is economically or legally mineable.

Permitting

The Company's development and exploration activities are subject to permitting requirements in both Argentina and Chile. In particular, comprehensive environmental assessments will be necessary for the Filo del Sol Project in Argentina in order to obtain the necessary approval for each of the Filo del Sol Project stages, which assessment will

be conducted in compliance with Argentinian regulations. Project development may also require an environmental impact assessment study in Chile. Following the receipt of environmental approvals, additional permits, licences, authorizations, and certificates will be required to proceed to project construction, including, for example, mining water and fuel delivery, sewage water treatment, hazardous waste plans, drilling and closure plans. Failure to obtain required permits and/or to maintain compliance with permits once obtained could result in injunctions, fines, suspension or revocation of permits and other penalties.

There can be no assurance that the Company will obtain all such permits and/or achieve or maintain full compliance with such permits at all times. Activities required to obtain and/or achieve or maintain full compliance with such permits can be costly and involve extended timelines.

Previously issued permits may be suspended or revoked for a variety of reasons, including through government or court action. Failure to obtain and/or comply with required permits can have serious consequences, including: damage to the Company's reputation, stopping the Company from proceeding with the exploration and development of a project, negatively impacting further development of a mine, and increasing the costs of development and litigation or regulatory action against the Company, and may materially adversely affect the Company's business, results of operations or financial condition.

Infrastructure

Development and exploration activities depend, to one degree or another, on adequate infrastructure. Reliable roads, bridges, power and water supplies are important determinants that affect costs. The Company's ability to obtain a secure supply of power and water at a reasonable cost depends on many factors, including: global and regional supply and demand; political and economic conditions; problems that can affect local supplies; delivery; and relevant regulatory regimes. Unusual or infrequent weather phenomena, sabotage or government, and other interference in the maintenance or provision of such infrastructure could adversely affect the activities and profitability of the Company.

Establishing such infrastructure will require significant resources, identification of adequate sources of raw materials and supplies and necessary cooperation from national and regional governments, none of which can be assured. There is no guarantee that the Company will secure these power, water and access rights going forward or on reasonable terms.

Title Risk

The Company has investigated its right to explore and exploit its properties and, to the best of its knowledge, those rights are in good standing. The results of the Company's investigations should not be construed as a guarantee of title. Other parties may dispute the title to a property, or the property may be subject to prior unregistered agreements or liens and transfers or land claims by aboriginal, native, or indigenous peoples. The title may be affected by undetected encumbrances or defects or governmental actions. The Company has not conducted surveys of all its properties, and the precise area and location of claims or the properties may be challenged, and no assurances can be given that there are no title defects affecting such properties. The rules governing mining concessions in Chile and Argentina are complex and any failure by the Company to meet requirements would have a material adverse effect on the Company. Any defects in the title to the Company's properties could have a material and adverse effect on the Company.

No assurance can be given that applicable governments will not revoke or significantly alter the conditions of the applicable exploration and mining authorizations nor that such exploration and mining authorizations will not be challenged or impugned by third parties. Although the Company has not had any problem renewing its licenses in the past there is no guarantee that it will always be able to do so. Inability to renew a license could result in the loss of any project located within that license.

The Company is earning an interest in the Tamberias property through an option agreement requiring property payments and acquisition of title to the properties is completed only when the option conditions have been met. If the Company does not satisfactorily complete these option conditions in the period laid out in the option agreements, the Company's title to the related property will not vest and the Company will have to write down its previously capitalized costs related to that property.

Ability to Operate Year-round

The Company conducts year-round operations at the Filo del Sol Project. Risks and uncertainties associated with the Company's ability to successfully operate year-round include, but are not limited to, the Company's financial position, the nature, duration or extent of weather and other natural events and the availability of personnel, logistical support and key contractors to provide services in challenging winter conditions.

There can be no assurances that the Company's preparation and winterization efforts adequately anticipated, and safeguarded against, all the challenges of conducting exploration programs during the South American winter in the high Andes.

Dependence on Single Project

The Filo del Sol Project is currently the Company's sole project and therefore, any adverse development with respect to the Filo del Sol Project will have a material adverse effect on the Company.

Economic and Political Instability in Argentina

The Filo del Sol Project is predominantly located in San Juan Province, Argentina. There are risks relating to an uncertain or unpredictable political and economic environment in Argentina, and there may be material adverse consequences with respect to the Company and its operations as a result of the political or economic instability in Argentina.

Since taking office on December 10, 2023, President Milei has introduced sweeping economic reforms, including devaluation of the country's official peso exchange rate against the \$USD, removing several government subsidies, reducing the size of the government and introducing legislation providing an incentive regime, which includes tax, customs and exchange incentives for companies developing large capital projects. Economic and political uncertainty in Argentina continues to persist as of the date of this MD&A as the nature, extent or scope of additional changes to be introduced by President Milei and enacted, if any, and the resulting impacts, are undeterminable at this time.

Changes in local and federal administrations may also imply changes to current programs and policies affecting the Company's business and operations. Both Argentina's President and its Congress have considerable power to make decisions and determining government policies and actions that relate to the Argentinian economy. Furthermore, some of the measures enacted or proposed by the government may also generate political and social opposition, which may in turn prevent the government from implementing such measures.

The Company cannot foresee the measures that could be taken by any future administration, national or provincial, and the effects that such measures could have on the Argentinian economy and in Argentina's ability to meet its financial obligations, that could adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Foreign Operations Risk

The Company conducts exploration activities in foreign countries, including Argentina and Chile. Each of these countries exposes the Company to risks that may not otherwise be experienced if all operations were located in Canada. The risks vary from country to country and can include, but are not limited to, civil unrest or war, national border disputes, terrorism, illegal mining, changing political conditions, fluctuations in currency exchange rates, expropriation or nationalization without adequate compensation, changes to royalty and tax regimes, high rates of inflation, labour unrest and difficulty in understanding and complying with the regulatory and legal framework respecting ownership and maintenance of mineral properties, as well as the revocation or suspension of previously issued mining permits. Changes in mining or investment policies or shifts in political attitudes may also adversely affect the Company's existing assets and operations. Real and perceived political risk may also affect the Company's ability to finance exploration programs and attract joint venture or option partners, and future mine development opportunities. Chile is typically viewed as a favourable mining jurisdiction; however, certain Canadian issuers have recently experienced regulatory action with regards to Chilean operations, specifically with respect to increased permitting timelines.

Numerous countries have introduced changes to mining regimes that reflect increased government control or participation in the mining sector, including, but not limited to, changes of law affecting foreign ownership, mandatory government participation, taxation and royalties, exploration licensing, export duties, and repatriation of income or

return of capital. There can be no assurance that industries, which are deemed of national or strategic importance in countries in which the Company has assets, including mineral exploration, will not be nationalized. There is a risk that further government limitations, restrictions or requirements, not presently foreseen, will be implemented. Changes in policy that alter laws regulating the mining industry could have a material adverse effect on the Company. There can be no assurance that the Company's assets in these countries will not be subject to nationalization, requisition or confiscation, whether legitimate or not, by an authority or body.

In addition, in the event of a dispute arising from foreign operations, the Company may be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of foreign courts or may not be successful in subjecting foreign persons to the jurisdiction of courts in Canada. The Company also may be hindered or prevented from enforcing its rights with respect to a governmental instrumentality because of the doctrine of sovereign immunity. It is not possible for the Company to accurately predict such developments or changes in laws or policy or to what extent any such developments or changes may have a material adverse effect on the Company.

Non-compliance with applicable laws, regulations and permitting requirements (including allegations of such) may result in enforcement actions, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing operations to cease or be curtailed or causing the withdrawal of permits or mining licenses, and the imposition of corrective measures requiring material capital expenditure or remedial action resulting in materially increased cost of compliance, reputational damage and potentially impaired ability to secure future approvals and permits. The Company may be required to compensate third parties for loss or damage and may have civil or criminal fines or penalties imposed for violations of applicable laws or regulations.

Environmental and Socio-Political Risks

Present or future laws and regulations with respect to environmental protection standards or corporate social responsibility may affect the Company's operations. Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner that requires stricter standards and enforcement, increased fines and penalties for non-compliance, more stringent environmental assessments of proposed projects and a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and their officers, directors and employees. There is no assurance that regulatory and environmental approvals will be obtained on a timely basis or at all. There is no assurance that future changes in environmental regulation, if any, will not adversely affect the Company's operations. The cost of compliance with changes in governmental regulations has the potential to reduce the profitability of operations or to preclude entirely the economic development of a property.

Regulation governing development of mining operations with the potential to affect glaciers continues to evolve in both Chile and Argentina. The Argentinian Congress has passed legislation designed to protect the country's glaciers. This law would restrict development on and around glaciers. The detailed regulations that will govern implementation of the law have not yet been written but this legislation could affect the Company's ability to develop parts of the Company's properties in Argentina, including the Filo del Sol Project.

The Company is currently engaged in exploration with limited environmental impact. Future environmental costs may increase due to changing requirements or costs associated with exploration and the developing, operating and closing of mines, as well as with respect to changing requirements for disclosure and compliance. The Company is subject to environmental regulation in the various jurisdictions in which it operates. Failure to comply with these laws, regulations and permitting requirements may result in enforcement actions, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing operations to cease or be curtailed, and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment, or remedial actions. Parties engaged in mining operations or in the exploration or development of mineral properties may also be required to compensate those suffering loss or damage by reason of the mining activities and may have civil or criminal fines or penalties imposed for violations of applicable laws or regulations. Furthermore, environmental hazards may exist on the properties on which the Company holds interests which are unknown to the Company at present and which have been caused by previous or existing owners or operators of the properties.

Programs may also be delayed or prohibited in some areas due to technical factors, new legislative constraints, social opposition or local government capacity or willingness to issue permits to explore in a timely manner. In parts of Argentina, there is environmental opposition to both mineral exploration and mining. Accordingly, there may be a certain degree of anti-mining sentiment that could potentially affect the risk of successfully exploring and developing

the Company's assets in those provinces.

Climate Change and Carbon Pricing

Climate change is a top priority for many countries and jurisdictions around the world and governments and regulators continue to implement and develop new rules and regulations to control carbon gas or "green-house" gas emissions attributable to climate change. As part of their efforts to shift to lower-carbon economies, governments have implemented carbon pricing, a mechanism that harnesses market forces to address climate change by creating financial incentives to lower emissions. Some of these mechanisms include the implementation of taxes on fuel sales, emissions trading schemes, and fossil fuel extraction fees, all of which are expected to play an ongoing role in global efforts to address climate change. The cost of compliance with various climate change regulations will ultimately be determined by the regulations themselves and by the markets that evolve for carbon credits and offsets and, as a result, the financial impact, if any, on the Company's operations cannot yet be fully understood.

The potential physical impacts of climate change due to extreme weather events on the Company's operations are also highly uncertain and may be particular to the unique geographic circumstances associated with the Company's projects and operations. Due to changes in global climate conditions, many scientists predict an increase in the frequency of extreme weather events such as severe and unpredictable rain and snowfall precipitation, winds, floods, droughts, and other types of extreme weather conditions and events. Such events could disrupt the Company's operations and development activities; impact the Company's equipment and infrastructure; impede access to the Company's projects and properties; or threaten the health and safety of the Company's employees and contractors.

Negative Operating Cash Flow

The Company is an exploration stage company and has not generated cash flow from operations. The Company is devoting significant resources to the exploration and acquisition of its properties; however, there can be no assurance that it will generate positive cash flow from operations in the future. The Company expects to continue to incur negative consolidated operating cash flow and losses until such time as it achieves commercial production at a particular project. The Company currently has negative cash flow from operating activities.

The Company's exploration projects have no operating history upon which to base estimates of future cash flows. Substantial expenditures are required to develop mineral projects. It is possible that actual costs and future economic returns may differ materially from Filo's estimates. There can be no assurance that the underlying assumed levels of expenses for any project will prove to be accurate. Further, it is not unusual in the mining industry for new mining operations to experience unexpected problems during start-up, resulting in delays and requiring more capital than anticipated. There can be no assurance that Filo's projects will move beyond the exploration stage and be put into production, achieve commercial production or that Filo will produce revenue, operate profitably or provide a return on investment in the future. Mineral exploration involves considerable financial and technical risk. There can be no assurance that the funds required for exploration and future development can be obtained on a timely basis. There can be no assurance that Filo will not suffer significant losses in the near future or that Filo will ever be profitable.

Uncertainty of Long-term Funding and Dilution of Shareholders' Interests in the Company

The exploration and development of mineral properties requires a substantial amount of capital and may depend on the Company's ability to obtain financing through joint ventures, debt financing, equity financing or other means. General market conditions which may be impacted by geopolitics or international conflict, volatile metals prices, a claim against the Company, a significant disruption to the Company's business, or other factors may make it difficult to secure the necessary financing in the long term. There is no assurance that the Company will be successful in obtaining required financing as and when needed on acceptable terms. Failure to obtain any necessary additional financing may result in delaying or indefinite postponement of exploration or development or even a loss of property interest. If the Company needs to raise additional funds, such financing may substantially dilute the economic and voting rights of the Company's shareholders and reduce the value of their investment. Since the Company's capital needs depend on market conditions and other factors beyond its control, it cannot predict or estimate the amount, timing or nature of any such future offering of securities. Thus, holders of Common Shares of the Company bear the risk of any future offerings reducing the market price of the Common Shares and diluting their shareholdings in the Company.

Metal Price Risk

The Company's portfolio of properties and investments have exposure to predominantly copper, gold, and silver prices. Commodity prices fluctuate widely and are affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control, such as the sale or purchase of metals by various central banks and financial institutions, interest rates, exchange rates, inflation or deflation, fluctuation in the value of the US\$ and foreign currencies, global and regional supply and demand, and the political and economic conditions of major metals-producing and metals-consuming countries throughout the world. The prices of these metals greatly affect the value of the Company, the price of the Common Shares and the potential value of its properties and investments. This, in turn, greatly affects its ability to form joint ventures, option agreements and the structure of any joint ventures formed. This is due, at least in part, to the underlying value of the Company's assets at different metals prices.

Tax, Royalties and Other Charges

The Company runs its business in different countries and strives to run its business in as tax efficient a manner as possible. The Company is potentially subject to taxes (including income taxes and mineral taxes), various fees and royalties imposed by various levels of government across the jurisdictions in which it operates. The laws imposing these taxes, fees and royalties and the manner in which they are administered may in the future be changed or interpreted in a manner that materially and adversely affects our business, financial position and results of operations. Repatriation of earnings to Canada from other countries may be subject to withholding taxes or restricted by currency controls. The Company has no control over withholding tax rates.

Health and Safety Hazards

Mineral exploration and operations involve health and safety hazards that could adversely affect the Company's reputation, business and future operations. By nature, exploration and mining activities present a variety of hazards and associated health and safety risks. Workers involved in the Company's operations are subject to many inherent health and safety risks and hazards, including, but not limited to, rock falls, slides or bursts, equipment or structural fires, falls of ground, floods, chemical and biological hazards, mineral dusts, atmospheric hazards including low oxygen levels, gases and fumes, high altitude work, use of explosives, noise, electricity, fixed and moving equipment, civil disturbances and criminal activity, which could result in occupational illness or health issues, personal injury, and loss of life, and/or facility and workforce evacuation. Even though robust health and safety controls and risk mitigation measures are in place across the Company's sites, health and safety incidents may occur. The overall management of health and safety is governed in accordance with the requirements of the Company's Responsible Mining Development Policy. While significant effort is made to control and eliminate potential health and safety risks, these risks cannot be eliminated and may adversely affect the Company's reputation, business, and future operations. Incidents resulting in serious injury or death, or those having a negative impact on surrounding communities (real or perceived) could result in litigation, civil or criminal sanctions, regulatory action (including, but not limited to suspension of operations and/or fines and penalties), increased community tensions, or otherwise adversely affect the Company's reputation and ability to meet its objectives.

Pandemic Virus Outbreaks

Emerging infectious diseases or the threat of outbreaks of viruses or other contagions or epidemic diseases could have a material adverse effect on the Company by causing operational and supply chain delays and disruptions, labour shortages and shutdowns, social unrest, breach of material contracts and customer agreements, government or regulatory actions or inactions, changes in tax laws, payment deferrals, increased insurance premiums, decreased demand for base and precious metals, declines in the price of base and precious metals, delays in permitting or approvals, governmental disruptions, capital markets volatility, or other unknown but potentially significant impacts. In addition, governments may impose strict emergency measures in response to the threat or existence of an infectious disease, which could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, there were no material off-balance sheet transactions which have not been recorded in the Company's 2024 Financial Statements. The Company has not entered into any specialized financial arrangement to minimize its currency risk.

QUALIFIED PERSONS AND TECHNICAL INFORMATION

The scientific and technical disclosure for the Filo del Sol Project included in this MD&A have been reviewed and approved by Bob Carmichael, B.A.Sc., P. Eng. (BC). Mr. Carmichael is Filo's Vice-President of Exploration and a Qualified Person under National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects. ("NI 43-101").

The field programs were carried out under the supervision of the Mr. Carmichael. Whole core was transported to the Company's core processing facility located near Rodeo, Argentina, and all sampling activities were carried out there. Diamond drill core was sampled in two metre intervals (except where shortened by geological contacts) using a rock saw for sulphide mineralization. Oxide mineralization was cut with a core splitter in order to prevent dissolution of water-soluble copper minerals during the wet sawing process. Core diameter is a mix of PQ, HQ and NQ depending on the depth of the drill hole. Samples were bagged and tagged at camp, and packaged for shipment by truck to Mendoza, Argentina.

Samples were delivered to the ALS preparation laboratory in Mendoza where they were crushed and a 500g split was pulverized to 85% passing 200 mesh. The prepared samples were sent to either the ALS assay laboratory in Santiago, Chile or Lima, Peru for copper, gold and silver assays and multi-element ICP and sequential copper analyses. ALS is an accredited laboratory which is independent of the Company. Gold assays were by fire assay fusion with AAS finish on a 30 g sample. Copper and silver were assayed by atomic absorption following a four-acid digestion. Samples were also analyzed for 36 elements with ICP-ES up to drillhole FSDH053. Starting in August 2021 with drillhole FSDH054, the multielement analyses were changed to ME-MS61 which offers ultra low detection limits for 48 elements. A sequential copper leach analysis was completed on each sample with copper greater than 500 ppm (0.05%). Copper and gold standards as well as blanks and duplicates (field, preparation and analysis) were randomly inserted into the sampling sequence for quality control. On average, 9% of the submitted samples are quality control samples. No data quality problems were indicated by the quality assurance/quality control program.

Mineralized zones within the Filo del Sol deposit are typically flat-lying, or bulk porphyry-style zones and drilled widths are interpreted to be very close to true widths.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements made and information contained herein in the MD&A constitutes "forward-looking information" and "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable securities legislation (collectively, "forward-looking information" or "forward-looking statements") concerning the business, operations, financial performance and condition of Filo. The forward-looking information contained in this MD&A is based on information available to the Company as of the date of this MD&A. Except as required under applicable securities legislation, the Company does not intend, and does not assume any obligation, to update this forward-looking information. Generally, any statements that express or involve discussions with respect to predictions, expectations, beliefs, plans, projections, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance, (often, but not always, identified by words or phrases such as "plans", "expects" or "does not expect", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "projects", "estimates", "budgets", "scheduled", "forecasts", "assumes", "intends", "strategy", "goals", "objectives", "potential", "possible", "anticipates" or "does not anticipate", or "believes", or variations of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events, conditions or results "will", "may", "could", "would", "should", "might" or "will be taken", "will occur" or "will be achieved" or the negative connotations thereof and similar expressions) are not statements of historical fact and may be forward-looking statements.

All statements other than statements of historical fact may be forward-looking statements. Forward-looking information is necessarily based on estimates and assumptions that are inherently subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking information, including but not limited to: the consummation and timing of the Transaction; the consummation and timing of the Josemaria

Transaction; the satisfaction of the conditions precedent to the Transaction; timing, receipt and anticipated effects of regulatory approvals; the impact of the Transaction on employees and local stakeholders; discussion of future plans, projects, objectives, estimates and forecasts and the timing related thereto; risks and uncertainties relating to, among other things, the inherent uncertainties regarding Mineral Resource estimates, cost estimates, changes in commodity prices, currency fluctuation, financings, unanticipated resource grades, infrastructure, results of exploration activities, cost overruns, availability of materials and equipment, timeliness of government approvals, taxation, political risk and related economic risk and unanticipated environmental impact on operations as well as other risks, and uncertainties and other factors, including, without limitation, those referred to in the "Risks and Uncertainties" section of the MD&A and in the Company's most recent Annual Information Form, under the heading "Risks Factors", and elsewhere, which may cause the actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking information.

The Company believes that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements and information included in this MD&A are reasonable but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct and such forward-looking statements and information should not be unduly relied upon. This statement and information is as of the date of the MD&A. In particular, this MD&A contains forward-looking statements or information pertaining to the assumptions used in the pre-feasibility study for the Filo del Sol Project, the assumptions used in the Mineral Reserves and Resources estimates for the Filo del Sol Project, including, but not limited to, geological interpretation, grades, metal price assumptions, metallurgical and mining recovery rates, geotechnical and hydrogeological conditions, as applicable; ability to develop infrastructure; assumptions made in the interpretation of drill results, geology, grade and continuity of mineral deposits; expectations regarding access and demand for equipment, skilled labour and services needed for exploration and development of mineral properties; and that activities will not be adversely disrupted or impeded by exploration, development, operating, regulatory, political, community, economic and/or environmental risks. In addition, this MD&A may contain forward-looking statements or information pertaining to: the potential exploration results or anticipated outcomes of infill or step-out drilling planned at Filo del Sol; exploration and development plans and expenditures, including but not limited to its plans to add rigs its ongoing drilling campaign, the sequencing or prioritization of drill targets, and a transition to year-round operations; the ability of the Company's operating protocol to continue to meet government mandated health and safety guidelines enabling it to conduct its field programs as planned; the ultimate size and scope of its field programs and the Company's ability to achieve the objectives thereof; the size and scope of its field programs and the Company's ability to achieve the objectives thereof; the impact of the Company's winterization efforts at Filo del Sol, and whether such efforts will enable year-round operations and have adequately anticipated the challenges of winter operation, including but not limited to weather and potential supply chain disruptions; the anticipated use of proceeds from the Concurrent Private Placement; the timing or results of an upgrade to the Mineral Resources estimate at Filo del Sol, including the inputs used therein; opportunities to improve project economics; the success of future exploration activities; potential for resource expansion; potential for the discovery of new mineral deposits; ability to build shareholder value; expectations with regard to adding to Mineral Reserves or Resources through exploration; expectations with respect to the conversion of inferred resources to an indicated resources classification; ability to execute the planned work programs; estimation of commodity prices, Mineral Reserves and Resources, estimations of costs, and permitting timelines; ability to obtain surface rights and property interests; currency exchange rate fluctuations; requirements for additional capital; government regulation of mining activities; environmental risks; unanticipated reclamation expenses; title disputes or claims; limitations on insurance coverage; and other risks and uncertainties.

Forward-looking information is based on certain assumptions that the Company believes are reasonable, including that the current price of and demand for commodities will be sustained or will improve, the supply of commodities will remain stable, that the general business and economic conditions will not change in a material adverse manner, that financing will be available if and when needed on reasonable terms and that the Company will not experience any material labour dispute, accident, or failure of plant or equipment. These factors are not, and should not be construed as being, exhaustive. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that would cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking information, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated, or intended. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, as the Company's actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements, including failure to receive the required court and regulatory approvals to effect the Transaction; changes in laws, regulations and government practices; risks pertaining to the outbreak of the global pandemics; government

regulation of mining operations; and environmental risks as a result of the factors discussed in the "Risk and Uncertainties" section of this MD&A, and elsewhere, and in the "Risk Factors" section of the Company's most recent Annual Information Form, which is available under the Company's profile on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. All of the forward-looking information contained in this document is qualified by these cautionary statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking information due to the inherent uncertainty thereof.

Statements relating to "Mineral Resources" are deemed to be forward looking information, as they involve the implied assessment, based on certain estimates and assumptions, that the Mineral Resources described can be profitably produced in the future.

Filo Corp.
Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (Presented in United States Dollars)
(Unaudited)

	Note	S	eptember 30, 2024	Dece	ember 31, 2023		January 1, 2023
				(Restat	ed: note 4)	(R	estated: note 4)
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	100,144,387	\$ 8	31,748,182	\$	55,312,560
Receivables and other assets	6		1,006,053		995,870		613,842
Inventories	4		20,909		-		-
			101,171,349	8	32,744,052		55,926,402
Non-current assets							
Equipment and facilities	7		5,232,801		3,687,280		354,962
Mineral properties	8		8,567,787		7,617,787		7,188,887
			13,800,588	1	1,305,067		7,543,849
TOTAL ASSETS			114,971,937	g	94,049,119		63,470,251
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities							
Trade payables and accrued liabilities			15,643,197	1	16,968,488		11,407,920
TOTAL LIABILITIES			15,643,197	1	16,968,488		11,407,920
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY							
Share capital	2, 9		408,907,478	32	21,667,801		212,607,619
Contributed surplus	_, -		21,092,283		16,051,454		11,443,667
Deficit			(332,535,861)		52,503,464)		(171,348,127)
Accumulated other comprehensive income			(,, ,		, ,		(// /
(loss)			1,864,840		1,864,840		(640,828)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			99,328,740		77,080,631		52,062,331
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND							
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		\$	114,971,937	\$ 9	94,049,119	\$	63,470,251

Commitment (note 17)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

/s/Joyce Ngo Director <u>/s/James Beck</u> Director

Filo Corp.
Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss (Presented in United States Dollars)
(Unaudited)

		Three months ende September 30			Nin	ne months ended September 30,		
	Note	2024		2023 (Restated: note 4)	2024		2023 (Restated: note 4)	
Expenses								
Exploration and project								
investigation	11	\$ 17,293,789	\$	27,331,357	\$ 70,347,195	\$	79,423,888	
General and administration:								
Salaries and benefits		645,270		621,535	1,999,724		2,471,933	
Share-based compensation	10	989,217		1,029,141	5,258,443		4,331,526	
Management fees		24,799		49,157	120,960		180,526	
Professional fees		2,155,440		40,295	2,449,354		208,699	
Travel		59,019		63,469	134,146		126,710	
Promotion and public relations		103,385		125,508	477,571		466,480	
Office and general		285,658		373,754	831,143		818,376	
Operating loss		21,556,577		29,634,216	81,618,536		88,028,138	
Other (income) and expenses								
Interest income		(839,097)		(1,430,460)	(2,113,561)		(2,599,285)	
Net monetary loss (gain)	5	-		159,564	(=/===/===/		(169,645)	
Gain on use of marketable				,			(== /= = /	
securities	14	(1,487,751)		(10,204,601)	(7,622,964)		(23,073,425)	
Other foreign exchange loss								
(gain)		(1,266,895)		(767,038)	61,169		(577,964)	
Other recoveries		-		39,806	-		37,286	
Net gain on disposition of net								
smelter royalty	8	(33,423)		-	(1,910,783)		-	
Net loss		17,929,411		17,431,487	70,032,397		61,645,105	
Other comprehensive loss								
(income)								
Items that may be reclassified								
subsequently to net loss:								
Foreign currency translation								
adjustment		-		273,639	-		308,244	
Impact of hyperinflation	5	-		(2,419,941)	-		(4,132,332)	
Comprehensive loss		\$ 17,929,411	\$	15,285,185	\$ 70,032,397	\$	57,821,017	
Basic and diluted loss per								
common share		\$ 0.13	\$	0.13	\$ 0.53	\$	0.49	
Weighted average common								
shares outstanding		133,269,250		130,676,123	131,645,380		126,357,765	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Filo Corp.
Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Presented in United States Dollars)
(Unaudited)

	Note		2 024	Nine months ended September 30, 2023 (Restated: note 4)
Cash flows used in operating activities		1	(70,000,007)	+ (64.64F.40F)
Net loss for the period Items not related to operating activities		\$	(70,032,397)	\$ (61,645,105)
Net gain on disposition of net smelter royalty	8		(1,877,360)	-
Items not involving cash			(=/0.7/000)	
Share-based compensation	10		6,401,116	5,289,003
Net monetary loss			-	1,936,140
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain)			61,169	(577,964)
Depreciation	7, 11		173,031	71,500
Net changes in working capital and other items:			(422.504)	(50.774)
Receivables and other	4		(123,584)	(53,771)
Inventories	4		(20,909)	- 4 446 047
Trade payables and accrued liabilities			(1,229,378)	4,446,047
			(66,648,312)	(50,534,150)
Cash flows from (for) financing activities				
Proceeds from option exercises	10		2,698,915	3,429,890
Proceeds from equity financings, gross	2, 9		83,369,569	97,588,536
Share issuance costs	2, 9		(189,094)	
Share issuance costs	2, 3		85,879,390	100,304,372
			05,075,550	100,301,372
Cash flows from (for) investing activities				
Acquisition of equipment and facilities	7		(1,718,552)	(2,866,747)
Mineral properties and related expenditures	8		(950,000)	• • • •
Net gain on disposition of net smelter royalty	8		1,877,360	-
			(791,192)	(3,603,389)
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and				<u> </u>
cash equivalents			(43,681)	(2,234,985)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents during the period			18,396,205	43,931,848
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period			81,748,182	55,312,560
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period		\$	100,144,387	\$ 99,244,408

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Filo Corp.
Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Presented in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

		Number of		Contributed		nulated Other emprehensive	Total Shareholders'
	Note	Shares	Share Capital	Surplus	Deficit	ncome (Loss)	Equity
Balance, January 1, 2023							
(Restated: note 4)		123,084,818	\$ 212,607,619	\$ 11,443,667	\$ (171,348,127)	\$ (640,828) \$	52,062,331
Shares issued pursuant to the Private Placement	9	6,204,849	97,588,536	-	-	-	97,588,536
Share issuance costs	9	-	(714,054)	-	-	-	(714,054)
Share-based compensation	10	-	-	5,289,003	-	-	5,289,003
Shares issued pursuant to stock option exercises	10	1,414,334	5,182,837	(1,752,947)	-	-	3,429,890
Net loss and other comprehensive income		-	-	-	(61,645,105)	3,824,088	(57,821,017)
Balance, September 30, 2023							
(Restated: note 4)		130,704,001	\$ 314,664,938	\$ 14,979,723	\$ (232,993,232)	\$ 3,183,260 \$	99,834,689
Share-based compensation	10	-	-	799,376	-	-	799,376
Shares issued pursuant to stock option exercises	10	29,166	281,003	(89,286)	-	-	191,717
Net loss and other comprehensive income		-	-	-	(23,617,360)	(1,324,789)	(24,942,149)
Impact of foreign exchange translation of opening statement of financial position (note 3)		-	6,721,860	361,641	(5,892,872)	6,369	1,196,998
Balance, December 31, 2023							
(Restated: note 4)		130,733,167	\$ 321,667,801	\$ 16,051,454	\$ (262,503,464)	\$ 1,864,840 \$	77,080,631
Shares issued pursuant to the Private Placement	2, 9	3,484,848	83,369,569	-	-	-	83,369,569
Share issuance costs	2, 9	-	(189,094)	-	-	-	(189,094)
Share-based compensation	10	-	-	6,401,116	-	-	6,401,116
Shares issued pursuant to stock option exercises	10	618,134	4,059,202	(1,360,287)	-	-	2,698,915
Net loss		-	-	-	(70,032,397)	-	(70,032,397)
Balance, September 30, 2024		134,836,149	\$ 408,907,478	\$ 21,092,283	\$ (332,535,861)	\$ 1,864,840 \$	99,328,740

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Filo Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023
(Presented in United States Dollars, unless otherwise stated)
(Unaudited)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Filo Corp. (the "Company" or "Filo") was incorporated on May 12, 2016 under the Canada Business Corporations Act. Effective June 23, 2023, the Company's name was changed to Filo Corp., formerly Filo Mining Corp., to better align with the Company's strategic vision. The Company's principal business activities are the exploration and development of the Filo del Sol and Tamberias properties, which are comprised of adjacent mineral titles in San Juan Province, Argentina and Region III, Chile. The Company's registered office is located at Suite 2800, 1055 Dunsmuir Street, PO Box 49225, Vancouver, British Columbia, V7X 1L2, Canada. The Company's common shares trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "FIL". In addition, the Company's common shares trade on the NASDAQ First North Growth Market under the symbol "FIL" and on the OTCQX under the symbol "FLMMF".

2. BHP AND LUNDIN MINING TO ACQUIRE FILO CORP. AND CONCURRENT PRIVATE PLACEMENT

On July 29, 2024, the Company announced that it has entered into a binding arrangement agreement, as may be amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time (the "Arrangement Agreement"), with BHP Investments Canada Inc. ("BHP"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of BHP Group Limited, and Lundin Mining Corporation ("Lundin Mining", and together with BHP, the "Purchaser Parties") whereby the Purchaser Parties will acquire all of the outstanding common shares of Filo that they do not already own (the "Filo Shares") through a plan of arrangement (the "Transaction").

Concurrent with the Transaction, BHP and Lundin Mining will form a Canadian joint venture ("JV") into which Filo's 100% owned Filo del Sol copper-gold-silver project (the "Filo del Sol Project") and the Josemaria copper-gold project (the "Josemaria Project") (currently 100% owned by Lundin Mining and located in the San Juan Province of Argentina in the same region of Filo del Sol) will be contributed (the contribution of the Josemaria Project to the JV being the "Josemaria Transaction"), allowing for the joint development of the Vicuña district. BHP and Lundin Mining will each own a 50% interest in the JV following the Transaction.

Under the terms of the Transaction, shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders"), excluding BHP and Lundin Mining, will receive total consideration of approximately \$CAD 4.1 billion, representing \$CAD 33.00 per Filo Share, based on the 5-day volume weighted average price of Lundin Mining shares as of the closing price on the TSX on July 29, 2024. Shareholders will be able to elect to receive the consideration as either (i) \$CAD 33.00 in cash per Filo Share or (ii) 2.3578 Lundin Mining shares per Filo Share plus for each whole Lundin Mining share issued to such Shareholder, \$CAD 0.0001 in cash, or (iii) a combination of cash and shares, subject to proration. The total cash consideration will be subject to maximum cash consideration of approximately \$CAD 2,767 million (representing 68.2% of the aggregate total consideration). The total share consideration will be subject to maximum share consideration of 92.1 million Lundin Mining shares (representing 31.8% of the aggregate total consideration). Shareholders that do not make an election will be deemed to have elected to receive cash consideration. On closing of the Transaction, Shareholders are expected to own approximately 11% of Lundin Mining, on a fully diluted basis.

Each in-the-money stock option to purchase Filo Shares that is outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the Transaction shall be accelerated and shall be deemed to be surrendered and disposed of to the Company and the holder thereof shall receive Filo Shares having an aggregate value equal to the amount by which the consideration of \$CAD 33.00 exceeds the applicable exercise price, less applicable withholdings. Each out-of-the-money stock option to purchase Filo Shares that is outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the Transaction shall be deemed to be cancelled without any compensation.

Filo Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023
(Presented in United States Dollars, unless otherwise stated)
(Unaudited)

The Transaction, which is not subject to any financing conditions, will be carried out by way of a court-approved plan of arrangement under the Canada Business Corporations Act. At the special meeting of Shareholders (the "Meeting") held on September 26, 2024, Shareholders approved the Transaction. The special resolution approving the Transaction (the "Arrangement Resolution") was approved by: (i) 99.99% of the votes cast on the Arrangement Resolution by Shareholders present virtually or represented by proxy at the Meeting and entitled to vote at the Meeting; and (ii) 99.99% of the votes cast on the Arrangement Resolution by Shareholders present virtually or represented by proxy at the Meeting and entitled to vote at the Meeting, excluding for the purposes of (ii) the votes cast in respect of Filo Shares held or controlled by persons described in items (a) through (d) of Section 8.1(2) of Multilateral Instrument 61-101 – Protection of Minority Security Holders in Special Transactions. On October 8, 2024, the Company announced that it has obtained a final order from the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (Commercial List) approving the Transaction.

The Transaction is subject to customary closing conditions for a transaction of this nature, including regulatory approvals (including merger and foreign investment filings and approval by the TSX), and the admission to trading of the new Lundin Mining shares and other customary closing conditions for transactions of this nature. Lundin Mining will prepare documentation as required under the EU Prospectus Regulation and Lundin Mining shareholder approval is not required. The Transaction is expected to be completed in the first quarter of 2025, subject to the satisfaction of closing conditions.

Concurrent with entering into the Arrangement Agreement, Filo and each of the Purchaser Parties (or their affiliates) entered into a subscription agreement pursuant to which they subscribed for 3,484,848 Filo Shares at an issue price of \$CAD 33.00 per Filo Share, or approximately \$CAD 115.0 million in the aggregate (the "Concurrent Private Placement"). Refer to note 9 for further details.

3. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IFRS Accounting Standards") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, under International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. Accordingly, certain disclosures included in the annual financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards have been condensed or omitted, and these condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023. In preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements, the Company has consistently applied the same accounting policies as disclosed in note 3 to the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, except for those described in notes 4 and 5 below.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors of the Company on November 8, 2024.

4. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Change in Functional Currencies & Presentation Currency

Effective January 1, 2024, the Company changed the functional currencies of its parent and subsidiary companies (see table below) to United States dollars ("\$USD"). The Company also changed its presentation currency from Canadian dollars ("\$CAD") to \$USD. The changes were enacted to reflect changes in the composition of the Company's contracts and monetary outlays being predominantly denominated in \$USD. The change in functional currencies was recognized prospectively. The change in presentation currency requires retrospective restatement of all prior periods presented in the financial statements. The amounts reported in the statement of financial position as at January 1, 2023 (derived

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 (Presented in United States Dollars, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

from the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022; not presented herein) and December 31, 2023 have been restated in \$USD based on the closing exchange rates on December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The statements of comprehensive loss (income), cash flows and changes in equity for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 have been restated in \$USD based on the average exchange rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 as listed below.

The \$CAD/\$USD exchange rates used to reflect the change in presentation currency were as follows:

	Q4-22	Q1-23	Q2-23	Q3-23	Q4-23
Average rate	n/a	0.7398	0.7445	0.7456	0.7344
Closing rate	0.7383	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.7561

The current and previous functional currencies of the Company's parent and subsidiary entities are as follows:

<u>Entity</u>	Functional currency	Functional currency
	(current)	(previous)
Filo Corp.	\$USD	\$CAD
Filo Del Sol Holdings Inc.	\$USD	\$CAD
Filo Del Sol Chile Holdings Inc.	\$USD	\$CAD
Filo del Sol Uruguay S.A.	\$USD	Uruguayan peso
Frontera Holdings (Bermuda) IV Ltd.	\$USD	\$USD
Frontera Holdings (Bermuda) V Ltd.	\$USD	\$USD
Filo del Sol Exploración S.A.	\$USD	Argentinian peso
Frontera Chile Limitada	\$USD	Chilean peso

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of weighted average cost and net realizable value. Replacement costs of inventories are generally used as the best estimate of net realizable value. Any write-downs of inventories to net realizable value are recorded within exploration and project investigation expense in the statement of comprehensive loss. If there is a subsequent increase in the value of inventories written-down, the previous write-downs to net realizable value are reversed up to cost to the extent that the related inventory has not been used.

5. HYPERINFLATION

Argentina was designated a hyperinflationary economy as of July 1, 2018 for accounting purposes, and until the change in functional currency enacted on January 1, 2024 (note 4), the Company accounted for its Argentinian subsidiary using hyperinflationary accounting in accordance with IAS 29, *Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies*. With the functional currency of the Argentinian subsidiary now determined to be the \$USD, this accounting standard is no longer applied.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 the Company recognized gains of \$2,419,941 and \$4,132,332, respectively, in relation to the impact of hyperinflation within other comprehensive loss (income), which was primarily the result of continued inflation during the periods and the resulting adjustments recognized on the net asset position of the Company's Argentinian operating subsidiary.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 the Company recognized a net monetary loss of \$159,564 and a gain of \$169,645, respectively, as a result of changes in the Retail Price Index

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(Indice de Precios al Consumidor or "IPC") and changes to the Company's net monetary position, to adjust transactions recorded during the periods into a measuring unit current as of September 30, 2023.

The level of the IPC at September 30, 2023 was 2,304.9 (December 31, 2022 - 1,134.6), which represented an increase of approximately 103% over the IPC at December 31, 2022, and an approximate 40% increase over the average level of the IPC during the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

6. RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS

	Se	eptember 30, 2024	December 31, 2023 (Restated: note 4)	January 1, 2023 (Restated: note 4)
Current				
Taxes receivable	\$	130,972	\$ 37,877	\$ 20,989
Other receivables		404,686	100,789	246,671
Prepaid expenses and deposits		470,395	857,204	346,182
	\$	1,006,053	\$ 995,870	\$ 613,842

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7. EQUIPMENT AND FACILITIES

The Company's equipment and facilities relate to mobile equipment and field facilities acquired or constructed for its Filo del Sol property in Argentina. The Company depreciates these assets over their useful lives of 10 years and classifies its depreciation expense as other administrative costs within exploration and project investigation expense (note 11).

		Works in	pro	ogress				
		quipment	Facilities			Equipment	Facilities	Total
Cost								
January 1, 2023 (Restated, note 4)	\$	28,321	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 342,338	\$ 370,659
Additions		770,259		2,057,855		1,028,758	237,721	4,094,593
Adjustment for the impacts of hyperinflation		5,601		(494,397)		(182,744)	(39,422)	(710,962)
Reclassifications		(47,944)		-		47,944	-	-
Impact of foreign exchange translation of opening statement of financial position								
(note 4)		13,032		26,942		15,405	9,316	64,695
December 31, 2023 (Restated, note 4)	\$	769,269	\$	1,590,400	\$	909,363	\$ 549,953	\$ 3,818,985
Additions		-		1,326,318		392,234	-	1,718,552
September 30, 2024	\$	769,269	\$	2,916,718	\$	1,301,597	\$ 549,953	\$ 5,537,537
January 1, 2023 (Restated, note 4) Depreciation	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(47,675)	\$ (15,697) (59,480)	\$ (15,697) (107,155)
Adjustment for the impacts of hyperinflation		_		_		(2,828)	(3,620)	(6,448)
Impact of foreign exchange translation of opening statement of financial position							, , ,	
(note 4)		-		_		(939)	(1,466)	(2,405)
December 31, 2023 (Restated, note 4)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(51,442)	\$ (80,263)	\$ (131,705)
Depreciation		-		-		(85,287)	(87,744)	(173,031)
September 30, 2024	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(136,729)	\$ (168,007)	\$ (304,736)
Net book amount								
January 1, 2023 (Restated, note 4)	\$	28,321	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 326,641	\$ 354,962
December 31, 2023 (Restated, note 4)		769,269		1,590,400		857,921	469,690	3,687,280

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8. MINERAL PROPERTIES

	Filo del Sol	Tamberias	Total
January 1, 2023 (Restated, note 4)	\$ 2,667,445	\$ 4,521,442	\$ 7,188,887
Additions	-	736,642	736,642
Adjustment for the impacts of hyperinflation	(170,150)	-	(170,150)
Effect of foreign currency translation	-	(314,175)	(314,175)
Impact of foreign exchange translation of opening statement of financial position (note 4)	59,007	117,576	176,583
December 31, 2023 (Restated, note 4)	\$ 2,556,302	\$ 5,061,485	\$ 7,617,787
Additions	-	950,000	950,000
September 30, 2024	\$ 2,556,302	\$ 6,011,485	\$ 8,567,787

The Company's primary mineral property assets are the Filo del Sol and Tamberias properties (together, the "Filo del Sol Project"), which are comprised of adjacent mineral titles in San Juan Province, Argentina and Region III, Chile, and are 100% controlled by Filo either through direct ownership or option agreements.

Filo del Sol Property (San Juan Province, Argentina)

Sole ownership of the Filo del Sol property was acquired by Filo del Sol Exploracion S.A., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, in October 2014, through the acquisition of its then joint exploration partner's 40% interest in the property.

Tamberias Property (Region III, Chile)

Through its wholly owned subsidiary, Frontera Chile Limitada, the Company is party to an option agreement with Compania Minera Tamberias SCM ("Tamberias SCM") whereby the Company can earn a 100% interest in the Tamberias property by making certain scheduled option payments. In addition, Tamberias SCM will retain a 1.5% net smelter royalty, which will be paid only after the Company has recovered all its exploration and development costs.

Pursuant to a series of amendments to the terms of the remaining option payments payable under the option agreement with Tamberias SCM, the last of which was executed on May 13, 2020 (the "Option Amendments"), the remaining option payments were rescheduled and extended through to June 30, 2026. During June 2024, the Company made its scheduled payment of \$950,000 to Tamberias SCM. As at September 30, 2024, the Company's total remaining option payments were as follows:

Payment by:	Amount (\$)
June 30, 2025	1,050,000
June 30, 2026	12,000,000
TOTAL	14,000,000

Net Smelter Royalty Repurchase on Lunahuasi and Cumbre Verde

In May 2024, notice was provided to the Company by NGEx Minerals Ltd. ("NGEx") and Lundin Mining to jointly buy-back two thirds of the existing 3% Net Smelter Royalties ("NSR") attached to three mineral

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claims (Nacimiento 1, Nacimiento 2, and Vicuña 4) in San Juan Province, Argentina which cover NGEx's Lunahuasi and Lundin Mining's Cumbre Verde copper-gold-silver projects. In consideration for the joint repurchase, the Company received gross cash consideration of \$2.0 million. Following completion of the transaction, the Company retains a 1% NSR over the claims.

9. SHARE CAPITAL

The Company has authorized an unlimited number of voting common shares without par value.

On March 11, 2022, by way of a non-brokered private placement, the Company closed the sale of 6,270,000 common shares to BHP Western Mining Resources International Pty Ltd, a wholly owned subsidiary of BHP Group Limited (collectively, "BHP Western"), at a price of \$CAD 15.95 per common share for total proceeds of \$CAD 100 million (the "Private Placement"). Share issuance costs related to the Private Placement totaled \$CAD 268,751 and consisted of professional fees and regulatory fees. No finder's fee or commissions were payable in connection with this Private Placement.

In connection with the Private Placement, BHP Western has been granted certain participation and top-up rights (the "Top-Up Provision"), allowing BHP Western to maintain its ownership interest from time to time, provided that such participation rights will not apply to any portion of BHP Western's ownership interest in excess of a 9.9% undiluted ownership level in the Company.

On February 7, 2023, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement to BHP Western in accordance with the Top-Up Provision, whereby the Company sold 43,711 common shares to BHP Western for gross proceeds of \$802,565, less share issuance costs of \$16,250.

On June 14, 2023, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement, whereby the Company sold 6,161,138 common shares at a price of \$CAD 21.10 per common share for gross proceeds of \$96,785,971, less share issuance costs of \$697,804 which include a 5% finder's fee in cash on a portion of the private placement. Upon closing of the non-brokered private placement, BHP Western owned approximately 6% of the Company's issued and outstanding common shares on an undiluted basis.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, 618,134 (2023 - 1,414,334) share options were exercised, resulting in an increase to share capital of \$4,059,202 (2023 - \$5,182,837). These exercises consisted of a cash portion of \$2,698,915 (2023 - \$3,429,890) and a contributed surplus portion of \$1,360,287 (2023 - \$1,752,947).

On August 7, 2024, the Concurrent Private Placement, pursuant to which the Purchaser Parties subscribed for 3,484,848 Filo Shares at an issue price of \$CAD 33.00 per Filo Share, or approximately \$CAD 115.0 million in the aggregate (equivalent to \$83.4 million), closed, net of share issuance costs of \$0.2 million. Upon completion of the Concurrent Private Placement, BHP and Lundin Mining (or their affiliates) held approximately 7.1% and 1.7% of the total issued and outstanding Filo Shares, respectively. The Concurrent Private Placement entailed a dilution of approximately 2.6% of the number of shares and votes in the Company (calculated as the number of newly issued shares divided by the total number of shares outstanding after the Concurrent Private Placement). The proceeds from the Concurrent Private Placement will be used by Filo to fund the exploration of the Filo del Sol Project, general working capital expenses and general and administration expenses for the period between announcement and closing of the Transaction, in accordance with Filo's budget. Pursuant to BHP's (or its affiliate's) subscription agreement, the investor rights it holds pursuant to the subscription agreement with Filo dated February 28, 2022 remain in full force and effect, provided that BHP's obligation to provide notice of certain re-sales of Filo Shares shall cease upon the occurrence of the closing of the Concurrent Private Placement and the termination of the Arrangement Agreement as a result of a Superior Proposal or a Change of Recommendation (each as defined in the Arrangement Agreement).

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10. SHARE OPTIONS

a) Share option plan

The Company has a share option plan adopted by the Board of Directors on July 8, 2016 and amended May 6, 2022, which reserves an aggregate of 10% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company for issuance upon the exercise of options granted. The granting, vesting and terms of the share options are at the discretion of the Board of Directors. The majority of the Company's outstanding share options vest in thirds with one third vesting immediately upon the date of grant, and the remaining two thirds vesting each on the first and second anniversary of the date of grant.

b) Share options outstanding

Movements in the number of share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

	Number of shares issuable pursuant to share options	_	ed average se price per share
Balance at January 1, 2023	6,007,366	\$CAD	7.11
Options granted	381,600		19.59
Options exercised	(1,443,500)		3.38
Balance at December 31, 2023	4,945,466	\$CAD	9.16
Options granted	838,500		21.11
Options exercised	(618,134)		5.94
Options forfeited	(48,999)		19.84
Balance at September 30, 2024	5,116,833	\$CAD	11.41

The weighted average share price on the exercise date for the share options exercised during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 was \$26.36.

The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value for all options granted and the resulting stock-based compensation. The weighted average assumptions used in this pricing model, and the resulting fair value per option, for share options granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, were as follows:

	For the nine months er	nded September 30
	2024	2023
Options granted	838,500	381,600
Risk-free interest rate	3.2%	3.7%
Expected life	4.1 years	4.0 years
Expected volatility	68.2%	66.5%
Expected dividends	Nil	Nil
Fair value per option	\$8.66	\$7.86

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The following table details the share options outstanding and exercisable as at September 30, 2024:

	_	(Outstanding op	tions		Exercisable options				
Ex	xercise price	Options Outstanding	Weighted average remaining contractual life (Years)		leighted average exercise price	Options exercisable	Weighted average remaining contractual life (Years)		leighted average exercise price	
\$CAD	1.91	1,023,000	0.9	\$CAD	1.91	1,023,000	0.9	\$CAD	1.91	
\$CAD	2.75	775,000	0.1	\$CAD	2.75	775,000	0.1	\$CAD	2.75	
\$CAD	8.95	801,500	1.9	\$CAD	8.95	801,500	1.9	\$CAD	8.95	
\$CAD	11.00	15,000	1.7	\$CAD	11.00	15,000	1.7	\$CAD	11.00	
\$CAD	15.42	80,000	3.0	\$CAD	15.42	80,000	3.0	\$CAD	15.95	
\$CAD	16.03	200,000	2.9	\$CAD	16.03	200,000	2.9	\$CAD	16.03	
\$CAD	16.93	840,000	2.9	\$CAD	16.93	840,000	2.9	\$CAD	16.93	
\$CAD	19.45	210,000	2.5	\$CAD	19.45	210,000	2.5	\$CAD	19.45	
\$CAD	19.59	367,000	3.5	\$CAD	19.59	244,667	3.5	\$CAD	19.59	
\$CAD	21.11	805,333	4.3	\$CAD	21.11	268,445	4.3	\$CAD	21.11	
	_	5,116,833	2.1	\$CAD	11.41	4,457,612	1.8	\$CAD	10.01	

c) Share-based compensation

	Three months ended September 30,					onths ended ptember 30,	
	2024		2023 (Restated: note 4)		2024	·	2023 (Restated: note 4)
General and administration	\$ 989,217	\$	1,029,141	\$	5,258,443	\$	4,331,526
Exploration and project investigation	211,187		225,298		1,142,673		957,477
	\$ 1,200,404	\$	1,254,439	\$	6,401,116	\$	5,289,003

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11. EXPLORATION AND PROJECT INVESTIGATION

All exploration and project investigation costs are related to the Filo del Sol Project. The Company expensed the following exploration and project investigation costs, all incurred in relation to the Filo del Sol Project:

	Thre	onths ended eptember 30,	Nin	onths ended eptember 30,	
	2024	2023 (Restated: note 4)	2024		2023 (Restated: note 4)
Land holding and access costs	\$ 81,465	\$ 68,155	\$ 422,886	\$	114,492
Drilling, fuel, camp costs and field supplies	8,153,109	14,632,811	34,733,640		40,304,154
Roadwork, travel and transport	3,543,730	4,181,061	12,223,935		11,436,003
Conceptual and engineering studies	282,889	697,267	988,755		3,926,646
Consultants, geochemistry and geophysics	154,300	818,890	1,637,220		2,735,910
Environmental and community relations	423,291	434,303	1,706,551		1,410,640
VAT and other taxes	2,293,207	4,934,181	11,535,686		13,929,844
Office, field and administrative salaries, overhead and other	, ,	, ,	, ,		, ,
administrative costs	2,150,611	1,339,391	5,955,849		4,608,722
Share-based compensation	211,187	225,298	1,142,673		957,477
	\$ 17,293,789	\$ 27,331,357	\$ 70,347,195	\$	79,423,888

During most of the three months ended September 30, 2024, the Company's drilling operations at the Filo del Sol Project site were halted due to poor weather conditions which prevented safe operations. The Company demobilized all non-essential personnel and triggered standby provisions in its vendor contracts. As such, the Company incurred standby costs primarily in the areas of drilling, camp, field supplies, roadwork, travel and transport. In late August 2024, the Company remobilized operating personnel and contractors to the Project site, and drilling operations recommenced in early September.

Pursuant to statutory regulations, the Company is entitled to a refund of certain value added taxes ("VAT") paid in Argentina, however, the Company has deemed the collection of these funds to be uncertain. As such the Company writes down its outstanding VAT receivable balances and will continue to write down any increases to the VAT receivable balances in future periods. The associated expense of these write downs is recognized in exploration and project investigation as "VAT and other taxes". Should the Company receive a future refund of amounts written down, the corresponding impact will be credited against exploration and project investigation expense.

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12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Under the normal course of operations, the Company may undertake transactions or hold balances with related parties. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company engaged with NGEx, a related party to the Company by way of directors, officers and shareholders in common.

a) Related party services

The Company has an ongoing cost sharing arrangement with NGEx. Under the terms of this arrangement, the Company provides management, technical and/or administrative services (collectively, "Management Services") to NGEx and vice versa. These transactions were incurred in the normal course of operations, and are summarized as follows:

	Three mor	ths ended	Nine mo	months ended		
	Sept	ember 30,	Sep	tember 30,		
	2024	2023	2024	2023		
		(Restated: note 4)		(Restated: note 4)		
Management Services to NGEx	\$ 79,646 \$	68,759 \$	166,317 \$	279,379		
Management Services from NGEx	(54,888)	(80,310)	(141,604)	(180,382)		

b) Related party balances

The amounts due from (to) related parties, and the components of the consolidated statements of financial position in which they are included, are as follows:

	Related Party	Sep	tember 30, 2024	December 31, 2023 (Restated: note 4)	January 1, 2023 (Restated: note 4)
Receivables and other assets	NGEx	\$	41,861	\$ 39,965	137,662
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	NGEx		(58,152)	(51,010)	(82,814)

c) Camp usage agreement

On June 26, 2019, the Company, through a wholly-owned subsidiary, entered into a transaction with a wholly-owned subsidiary of Josemaria Resources Inc., a former related party ("Josemaria", a 100%-owned subsidiary of Lundin Mining) whereby the Company extended its right to use Josemaria's Batidero Camp in Argentina.

The agreement may be terminated with one year's prior notice by Josemaria, and in the absence of such notice the agreement may be renewed for another year at the Company's election. On March 7, 2024, Filo provided formal notice of renewal for the period through April 1, 2025.

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d) Key management compensation

The Company's key management personnel have the authority and responsibility for overseeing, planning, directing and controlling its activities and consist of the Board of Directors and members of the executive management team. Total compensation expense for key management personnel, and the composition thereof, is as follows:

	Thre	onths ended ptember 30,	Nine months ended September 30,			
	2024		2023 (Restated: note 4)	2024		2023 (Restated: note 4)
Salaries	\$ 366,274	\$	354,160	\$ 1,091,008	\$	1,059,184
Short-term employee benefits	1,806		1,589	23,411		22,349
Directors fees	68,524		69,714	204,192		221,721
Stock-based compensation	897,140		928,351	4,767,221		3,906,237
Incentive bonuses	-		-	-		460,682
	\$ 1,333,744	\$	1,353,814	\$ 6,085,832	\$	5,670,173

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13. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company is principally engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties in South America. The information regarding equipment and facilities, mineral properties and exploration and project investigation costs presented in notes 7, 8, and 11, respectively, represent the manner in which management reviews its business performance. All the Company's equipment and facilities, mineral properties and exploration and project investigation costs relate to the Filo del Sol Project, which straddles the border between the San Juan Province, Argentina and Region III, Chile and is comprised of the Filo del Sol property and the Tamberias property. The net gains on the use of marketable securities are allocated to the Filo del Sol Project, as they are the result of funding provided to the Company's Argentinian subsidiary in support of the project. Materially, all the Company's administrative costs are incurred by the Canadian parent, where materially all of the Company's cash is held in the normal course of business until it is required to be deployed to the Company's South American subsidiaries in support of ongoing and planned work programs.

The following are summaries of the Company's current and non-current assets, current liabilities, and net losses by segment:

As at		Filo del Sol Project	Corporate	Total
September 30,	Current assets	\$ 1,676,444	\$ 99,494,905	\$ 101,171,349
2024	Equipment and facilities	5,231,077	1,724	5,272,801
_	Mineral properties	8,567,787	-	8,567,787
	Total assets	\$ 15,475,308	\$ 99,496,629	\$ 114,971,937
	Current liabilities	\$ 13,251,735	\$ 2,391,462	\$ 15,643,197
December 31,	Current assets	\$ 2,384,352	\$ 80,359,700	\$ 82,744,052
2023	Equipment and facilities	3,683,816	3,464	3,687,280
(Restated: note 4)	Mineral properties	7,617,787	-	7,617,787
	Total assets	\$ 13,685,955	\$ 80,363,164	\$ 94,049,119
	Current liabilities	\$ 15,390,371	\$ 1,578,117	\$ 16,968,488

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Three mon		Filo del Sol Project	Corporate	Total
2024	Exploration and project investigation	\$ 17,293,789	\$ -	\$ 17,293,789
	Gain on use of marketable securities	(1,487,751)	-	(1,487,751)
	General and administration and other items	(33,423)	2,156,796	2,123,373
	Net loss	\$ 15,772,615	\$ 2,156,796	\$ 17,929,411
2023 (Restated:	Exploration and project investigation	\$ 27,331,357	\$ -	\$ 27,331,357
note 4)	Gain on use of marketable securities General and administration and other	(10,204,601)	-	(10,204,601)
	items	199,370	105,361	304,731
	Net loss	\$ 17,326,126	\$ 105,361	\$ 17,431,487
Nine month		Filo del Sol Project	Corporate	Total
2024	Exploration and project investigation	\$ 70,347,195	\$ -	\$ 70,347,195
	Gain on use of marketable securities	(7,622,964)	-	(7,622,964)
	General and administration and other items	(1,910,783)	9,218,949	7,308,166
	Net loss	\$ 60,813,448	\$ 9,218,949	\$ 70,032,397
2023 (Restated:	Exploration and project investigation	\$ 79,423,888	\$ -	\$ 79,423,888
note 4)	Gain on use of marketable securities	(23,073,425)	-	(23,073,425)
	General and administration and other items	(132,359)	5,427,001	5,294,642
	Net loss	\$ 56,218,104	\$ 5,427,001	\$ 61,645,105

14. USE OF MARKETABLE SECURITIES

From time to time, the Company may acquire and transfer marketable securities to facilitate intragroup funding transfers between the Canadian parent and its Argentinian operating subsidiary.

The Company does not acquire marketable securities or engage in these transactions for speculative purposes. In this regard, under this strategy, the Company generally uses marketable securities of large, established companies, with high trading volumes and low volatility. Nonetheless, as the process to acquire, transfer and ultimately sell the marketable securities occurs over several days, some fluctuations do occur.

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As the marketable securities are acquired with the intention of a near term sale, they are considered financial instruments that are held for trading. Accordingly, all changes in the fair value of the instruments, between acquisition and disposition, are recognized through profit or loss.

As a result of having utilized this mechanism for intragroup funding for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company realized net gains of \$1,487,751 and \$7,622,964, respectively (2023 – \$10,204,601 and \$23,073,425). The net gains for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 were comprised of favorable foreign currency impacts of \$1,851,858 and \$10,212,711, respectively (2023 – \$11,123,746 and \$24,935,208) and trading losses of \$364,107 and \$2,589,747, respectively (2023 – \$919,145 and \$1,861,783), including the impact of fees and commissions.

15. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the development of its mineral properties and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the costs of capital at an acceptable risk. In the management and definition of capital, the Company considers the items included in shareholders' equity to be capital.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments, as necessary, in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares or debt instruments, acquire or dispose of assets, or to bring in joint venture partners.

To facilitate the management of its capital requirements, the Company prepares annual expenditure budgets that are updated as necessary depending on various factors, including, but not limited to, successful capital deployment and general industry conditions. The annual and updated budgets are approved by the Board of Directors.

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL RISKS

The Company has estimated the fair values of its financial instruments based on appropriate valuation methodologies. These values are not materially different from their carrying value.

The Company classifies the fair value of its financial instruments according to the following hierarchy based on the amount of observable inputs used to value the instrument:

- Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, receivables and other assets, and trade payables and accrued liabilities. The carrying values of the Company's financial instruments are considered to be reasonable approximations of fair value due to their anticipated short-term nature.

As at September 30, 2024, the Company's financial instruments are exposed to the following financial risks, including credit, liquidity and currency risks:

- (i) Credit risks associated with cash are minimal as the Company deposits the majority of its cash with large financial institutions that have been accorded a strong investment grade rating by a primary rating agency.
- (ii) Liquidity risks associated with the inability to meet obligations as they become due are minimized through the management of its capital structure as explained on note 16 and

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 (Presented in United States Dollars, unless otherwise stated) (Unaudited)

by maintaining good relationships with significant shareholders and potential creditors. The Company also closely monitors and reviews its costs to date and actual cash flows on a monthly basis.

The maturities of the Company's financial liabilities as at September 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Less than						More than
		Total		1 year		1-5 years	5 years
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	15,643,197	\$	15,643,197	\$	- \$	_
Total	\$	15,643,197	\$	15,643,197	\$	- \$	-

(iii) Foreign currency risk can arise when the Company or its subsidiaries transact or have net financial assets or liabilities which are denominated in currencies other than their respective functional currencies.

At September 30, 2024, the Company's largest foreign currency risk exposure exists at the level of its Canadian headquarters, where the Company held a net financial asset position denominated in \$CAD having a \$USD equivalent of approximately \$30.7 million. A 10% change in the foreign exchange rate between \$CAD and \$USD would give rise to an increase/decrease in financial position/net loss of approximately \$3.1 million. The Company also has foreign currency risk exposure at the level of its subsidiaries, Filo del Sol Exploración S.A. in Argentina, where the Company has a net financial liability position denominated in Argentinian pesos having a \$USD equivalent of approximately \$3.9 million, and Frontera Chile Limitada in Chile, where the Company has a net financial liability position denominated in Chilean pesos having a \$USD equivalent of approximately \$1.3 million. A 10% change in the foreign exchange rate between the Argentinian peso and the \$USD would give rise an increase/decrease in financial position/net loss of approximately \$0.4 million, and a 10% change in the foreign exchange rate between the Chilean peso and the \$USD would give rise an increase/decrease in financial position/net loss of approximately \$0.1 million.

17. COMMITMENT

On January 1, 2024, the Company entered into a long-term rental agreement with Namdo Management Services Ltd., the provider of the Company's office space and ancillary administrative services. The agreement expires on February 28, 2039, and provides a guarantee of rental fees totaling \$3,460,257 for the remainder of the contract.



CORPORATE DIRECTORY

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Robert Carmichael
VP Exploration
Trevor D'Sa
VP Corporate Development & IR
lan Gibbs
Chief Financial Officer
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